

SLT wants help getting VHRs to comply

By Kathryn Reed

If your vacation rental in South Lake Tahoe – full house or just a room – is not permitted, get ready to be fined.

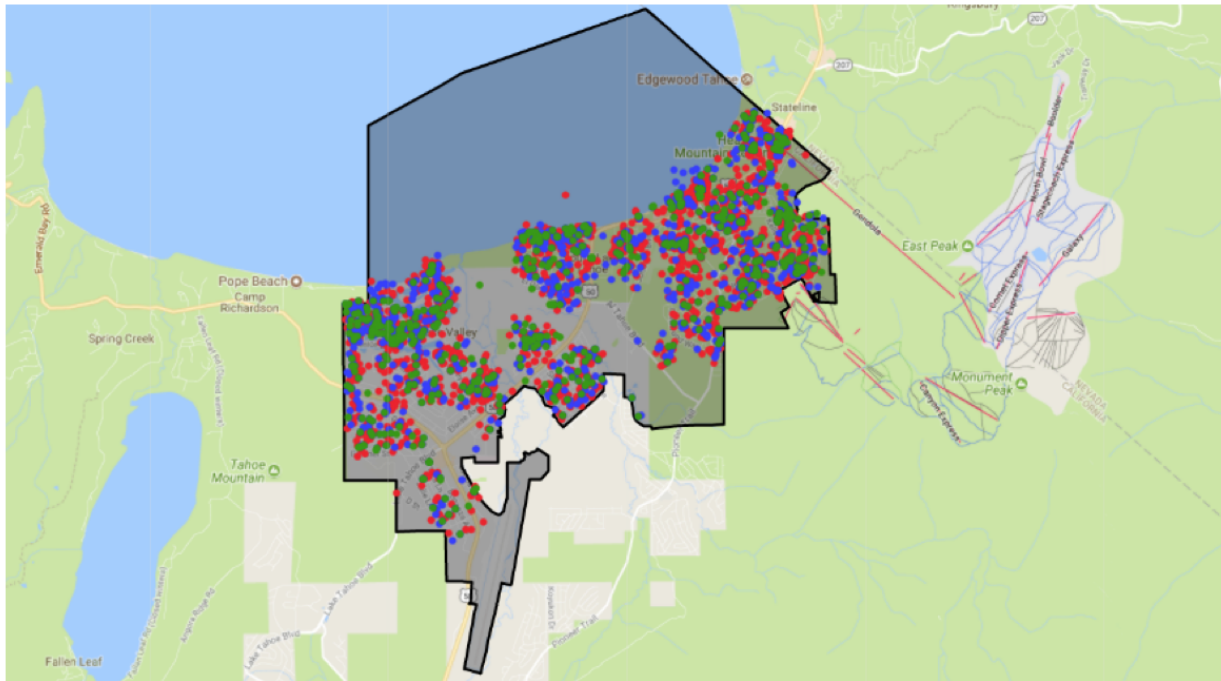
The City Council is contemplating hiring a firm to clamp down on those who are operating without a permit and therefore presumably not paying transient occupancy tax.

The electeds on Sept. 19 heard a presentation from Ulrik Binzer, co-founder and CEO of Host Compliance. The Bay Area firm has a suite of services designed to essentially manage the vacation home rental business for cities and counties.

At the end of the discussion the council members said they were interested in a software-based business like Host Compliance, wants staff to bring back a proposal for what services Host Compliance would provide, and wants to know if it's necessary to go out for bid.

There are currently 3,398 VHR listings, representing 2,067 unique vacation rental properties in SLT

vacation home rentals in South Lake Tahoe as of September, 2017



Sources: Host Compliance proprietary data

Services available include:

- Address identification
- Compliance monitoring
- Tax collection and audit support
- Permitting solutions
- 24/7 hot line
- Short-term rental ordinance consulting
- Rental data and analytics.

Contracts are usually on an annual basis. The cost to the city would be determined on the services requested. It's based on the number of listings that would need to be monitored. A benefit is that when the contract ends, the city would retain

the rights to information obtained by Host Compliance.

Binzer's data about the city shows how the number of vacation rentals has changed over the last year – how it is a fluid industry with listings coming and going. This is why it takes time to analyze – it's not a static situation. For instance, in the last year 1,832 VHRs have been added to the market in South Lake Tahoe, with 1,488 being deactivated. Fifty-four percent of the listings are new in the last 11 months.

Plus, there are renters who try to skirt the law. Binzer said his team is able to ferret out those offenders.

Host Compliance uses letterhead from the jurisdiction it represents to send correspondence to out-of-compliant property owners. This way the owner never knows a third party is involved.

Binzer said about 4 percent of the letters are returned because of bad address information. Another 1 percent of the identified properties are not actually out of compliance.

Vacation rentals have been a divisive topic in town. Enforcement is a constant refrain, with a loud chorus saying whatever ordinance is in effect has never been enforced. Another complaint is that for years the city has been leaving money on the table. That comes in the form of not making people be compliant via permits or tax collection.

With the around-the-clock hot line Host Compliance staffs, the complaining party is asked to provide a photo, video or other evidence of a violation. Assuming the property is registered, a Host Compliance rep calls the host. The database is able to easily identify repeat offenders.

TOT represents 22 percent of the city's General Fund budget in the 2017-18 budget that was approved Tuesday. While it keeps going up, it is leveling off. Of note, though, was that the TOT from hotels dipped in July. This could be because Knights

Inn no longer exists, and/or because more people are in vacation rentals. After all, TOT was up more than \$60,000 in July compared to 2016.

Placer County and Truckee use Host Compliance. In the first nine months, Placer saw a four times ROI with \$780,000 in TOT collected. Its annual fee is \$196,000. Truckee in the first two months of using Host Compliance had an ROI of 1½ times, with \$111,289 collected at an annual cost of \$72,600. In other words, at least at the start the service is more than paying for itself.

The company said its clients – there are 70 throughout the United States, with 30 in California – see three to five times return on investment.

Expedia, which is the parent company of 18 vacation rental sites (representing 38 percent of the local online sites), TripAdvisor – owner of seven sites (19 percent of market), and Airbnb (43 percent of listings) are the primary entities scrutinized.

South Lake Tahoe a few years ago hired an employee with the purpose of cracking down on VHR violators. Her job includes managing VHR permits, auditing non-reporting TOT, and being the point person for citations and appeals. Her work is time consuming.

Host Compliance has software that would be more time efficient, as well as provide more services than what the one staff member can currently do.

The rise and fall of Reno's quickie divorce industry

By Henry Brean, Las Vegas Review-Journal

Long before she became Nevada's first woman in Congress, Barbara Vucanovich boarded a train in New York and headed west on a six-week journey to a fresh start.

There was already a nickname for such a trip. People called it "the Reno cure," but Vucanovich's daughter, Patty Cafferata, doesn't remember her mom ever using that phrase.

Vucanovich, then Barbara Bugden, was one of the hundreds of thousands of people who traveled to Nevada from across the country to take advantage of the state's liberal divorce laws. From 1931 to 1970, the height of the so-called "migratory divorce" trade, more than 325,000 marriages came to an end in the Silver State.

Mella Harmon is a researcher and historical consultant who has been studying divorce in Nevada for almost 20 years.

By 1940, the Silver State accounted for less than one-tenth of a percent of the nation's population but roughly 5 percent of its divorces.

Read the whole story

Motorcyclist from SLT dies in

Hope Valley

A South Lake Tahoe woman died Sunday from injuries sustained in a motorcycle accident in Hope Valley.

The 64-year-old woman's name is not being released pending notification of next of kin. She died on her way to Renown Medical Center in Reno.

Just before 5pm Sept. 17 the motorcyclist was driving on Highway 88 about to turn on Highway 89. According to the California Highway Patrol, the motorcyclist turned in front of a vehicle driven by a 58-year-old woman from Gardnerville. She did not have time to stop or avoid the motorcyclist, CHP said.

– Lake Tahoe News staff report

South Lake Tahoe man killed in Carson Valley

A South Lake Tahoe man died Sunday night when he was struck by a vehicle on Highway 395 in Gardnerville.

For unknown reasons Rosendo Ramirez Amaya, 54, was lying in the middle of the northbound lane, according to the Nevada Highway Patrol.

The driver was not able to avoid Amaya. The driver called emergency personnel immediately, but Amaya was pronounced dead at the scene just after the 8pm Sept. 17 incident.

– Lake Tahoe News staff report

NDOT seeks input from Tahoe residents about transportation

The Nevada Department of Transportation is developing the One Nevada Transportation Plan that will guide transportation investments in the state for the next 20 years. The plan aims to prioritize investments and needs across the state to maximize benefits to the public.

NDOT wants to hear from the Lake Tahoe residents about their transportation priorities.

NDOT and Tahoe Regional Planning Agency staff are having a public workshop on Sept. 21 from 5-7pm at the TRPA offices on Market Street in Stateline.

Oktoberfest celebration at Squaw Valley

The 16th annual Oktoberfest returns to the Village at Squaw Valley on Sept. 23.

The village transforms into a miniature Bavaria complete with authentic German beer and food, Bavarian music and performances, and Oktoberfest themed games.

Oktoberfest supports the local community with proceeds from beer sales benefiting the High Sierra Lacrosse Foundation, a nonprofit organization that supports student athletes developing skills in the sport of lacrosse. Last year's Oktoberfest raised \$20,000.

Entry into the festival is free, festival attendees must be 21 years or older with a valid ID to purchase beer. The event is from noon-6pm. Lederhosen and Dirndls are highly encouraged.

K's Kitchen: Corn salsa with options

By Kathryn Reed

When I hear salsa I automatically think chips. While that would be an option for this recipe, it really is much more versatile.

It would be a great accompaniment to certain fish, or even pork.

I tossed it with fresh spinach for a salad. It was outstanding. The salsa wilted the spinach ever so slightly.

The red onion adds a bit of sweetness, the lime that tanginess and the peppers the final punch.

Grilling the corn isn't necessary, but it does bring a different flavor than if you boil the corn – or were to use frozen or canned.

This is also one of those recipes that can be made a few days in advance and it will have a shelf life of about a week.



Corn Salsa

6 ears corn

2-plus T olive oil

$\frac{1}{2}$ C minced red onion

$\frac{1}{2}$ C chopped cilantro

1 tsp grated lime rind

2 T fresh lime juice

1 tsp kosher salt

2 jalapeños, seeded and minced

Lightly oil grill so corn won't stick. Over medium-high grill cook corn until charred on all sides. Remove kernels from cob.

Combine corn with remaining ingredients.

West Slope courthouse clears

litigation hurdle

By Joann Eisenbrandt

The legal roadblock that has prevented construction of a new courthouse facility in Placerville has just been removed. More than two years after the Placerville Historic Preservation League first challenged the environmental document approving the courthouse, the First Appellate Court of Appeal in San Francisco denied the appeal.

Currently, the county's Superior Court services on the West Slope are divided among the historic 1912 courthouse on Main Street in Placerville, Building C in the County Government Center on Fair Lane, and a small court facility in Cameron Park. The new courthouse would consolidate court services in an 88,000-square-foot facility on Forni Road off Highway 50 just west of Placerville and adjacent to the county jail.

A decadeslong process

El Dorado County has been considering constructing a new courthouse adjacent to the jail since the jail was built in 1988. It prepared its own environmental document on such a project in 2000. The courts were under the jurisdiction of the counties until 2002, when the state of California took them over under the oversight of the Judicial Council. The land on which the new courthouse would be built will eventually be given by the county to the state.

The process has been a contentious one. The Judicial Council certified its environmental impact report (EIR) for the Placerville courthouse in June 2015. Some have alleged that favoritism, back-door dealings, and a flawed site selection process led to the choice of a site beneficial to special political interests. Concerns were also raised about the impacts on downtown Placerville if the Main Street courthouse and the economic benefit it brings were to be removed.

The courthouse, Kirk Smith of the Placerville Historic Preservation League contends, is essential to the economic health of the downtown business area. Its removal would lead to “absolutely horrendous blight to Placerville’s Main Street, all but turning this historic community into a ghost town.”

Jurors, other court visitors and courthouse staff would no longer contribute to the downtown economy. Court-related county agencies and private legal firms would move to the new courthouse site. Smith proposed leaving some court services at the existing Main Street courthouse and adding an annex.



Opponents of the Placerville Courthouse project lost their appeal. Photo/LTN

The legal battle

In July 2015, Smith’s group filed a lawsuit in San Francisco Superior Court against the Judicial Council’s EIR. El Dorado County and the Board of Supervisors were real parties in interest and respondents in the case as was former state Sen. John Briggs. Briggs swapped 5.2 landlocked acres he owned adjacent to the proposed courthouse site for land the county owned. This was done, the county said, to allow for the best facility site design. Briggs received \$10,000 for two yearlong option agreements with the county. The transfer of land has

already taken place.

The preservation league contended the Judicial Council failed to adequately consider the “urban decay” the removal of the Main Street courthouse would create. Projects by public agencies must comply with the rules of CEQA, the California Environmental Quality Act. It requires them to identify any substantial environmental effects of proposed projects and outline mitigation measures that would reduce such impacts to less than significant. In July 2016, the court denied the league’s writ.

The league appealed this decision to the First Appellate District Court of Appeal in San Francisco. On Sept. 15, the appellate court agreed with the earlier trial court decision that the Judicial Council’s EIR was not defective and should be upheld. The decision said, “The trial court rejected the argument (of the Placerville Historic Preservation League) and denied the petition in a thorough and well-reasoned written decision that hardly needs elaboration. The decision of the trial court is affirmed.”

Money talks

El Dorado County Chief Administrative Officer Don Ashton told *Lake Tahoe News*, “The county is very pleased with the appellate court’s decision. It allows the county to move forward with this essential project.”

But this does not mean that construction of the new Placerville Courthouse project will be starting anytime soon.

With the legal obstacles removed, it now becomes an issue of money. In 2008, Senate Bill 1407 authorized up to \$5 billion to renovate existing substandard courthouses and build new ones. The Judicial Council reviewed and prioritized the state’s court facilities and created an “Immediate and Critical Need” list of court facilities they termed “the worst of the worst.” El Dorado County’s courts are on that list with

funding first approved in 2009.

A critical needs account was created to pay for the projects. Over the intervening years, state budget problems caused money to be withdrawn by the state from the courthouse construction fund and diverted to other uses. This caused some court projects to be scrapped and others like the Placerville project to be delayed. The Judicial Council plans to ask the state to return the money borrowed in the past, but this will take time. In August 2016, the Judicial Council accepted the recommendation of their Court Facilities Advisory Committee to allow courthouse projects like the one in Placerville, which is still in the "site acquisition" phase, to complete the phase they are in, but then be put indefinitely on hold, awaiting an influx of funding.

The Judicial Council website says the projected completion date for the Placerville Courthouse is spring 2022.

Don Mooney, attorney for the Placerville Historic Preservation League told *Lake Tahoe News*, "We are disappointed in the court's decision and continue to believe that the project will result in significant impacts to the downtown area."

What the court said

In its decision, the First Appellate Court of Appeal noted that the Judicial Council's EIR did address "the possible economic impact of moving judicial activities from the downtown courthouse, it concluded the impact was not likely to be severe enough to cause urban decay."

CEQA does not usually require agencies to address economic and social impacts of their proposed projects, except when these changes will cause a serious physical change in the environment. It describes "urban decay" as "... physical deterioration of properties or structures that is so prevalent, substantial, and lasting a significant period of time that it impairs the proper utilization of the properties

and structures, and the health, safety, and welfare of the surrounding community.” Smith believes this is what will happen. The Judicial Council does not.

The court agreed with the Judicial Council. “Substantial evidence supports the Judicial Council’s conclusion that the type of physical deterioration embodied in the term ‘urban decay’ is not a reasonably foreseeable consequence of withdrawing judicial functions from the Main Street Courthouse and relocating them to a new building outside the downtown district.”

Repurposing the Main Street courthouse

The court concluded that repurposing the building will mitigate economic impacts. Its decision pointed to the creation of a Blue Ribbon Committee to study potential re-uses. The Blue Ribbon Committee was formed in 2015 and consists of members from the city, county and Placerville business owners.

The Judicial Council agreed to provide funding for a consultant to facilitate the committee’s meetings and help identify workable new uses for the courthouse. Although a consultant firm was selected in 2015, the Judicial Council has not finalized their contract due to the current freeze on the courthouse project. The Blue Ribbon Committee has only met sporadically. A survey was created asking residents to prioritize new uses for the Main Street courthouse, with a meeting in April 2017 to go over the results.

Smith told *Lake Tahoe News*, “The Blue Ribbon Committee was created as a ploy to support the baseless argument that serious efforts were made to mitigate blight. The committee held off meeting until before the case was argued before the trial court, stopped meeting not long after that, resumed as needed when the case was before the appellate court and then they stopped meeting after that. That’s irresponsible.”

According to Smith, “The stakes are too high to give up.” The league will be considering all its options, including appealing the appellate court’s decision.

Opinion: Close encounters with a scary fire season

By Michael Baughman, High Country News

In September 1982, my wife, Hilde, and I learned firsthand about wildfires during a backpacking trip in Northern California. While we were fly-fishing a creek miles from camp, we noticed a cloud of smoke drifting upstream. More smoke, thick smoke, soon followed, and then hot wind, and then we saw the first orange flames. We had no choice but to run for our lives, trees exploding in bursts of flame not far behind us. After two hours we made it safely out of the forest, our white T-shirts splotted with red by the fire retardant dropped from overhead planes. If we hadn’t been in good shape, we might have died.

Fast-forward to September 2017. The Klamath, Siskiyou and Cascade mountain ranges converge near the Oregon-California border to create an irreplaceable combination of co-existing ecosystems. In 2000, to protect this unique area, President Bill Clinton established the 86,774-acre Cascade-Siskiyou National Monument. Then, in 2017, President Barack Obama expanded it by adding 48,000 acres.

Thanks to Donald Trump’s Interior secretary, Ryan Zinke, a recommendation that would scale back the monument’s size is currently under review. Zinke’s proposal comes as no surprise. While serving as a congressman from Montana, he voted for a

House resolution that would make it easier for the ownership of public lands to be transferred to the states.

Read the whole story

Interior secretary recommends shrinking Gold Butte in Nevada

By Matthew Daly, AP

WASHINGTON – Interior Secretary Ryan Zinke is recommending that six of 27 national monuments under review by the Trump administration be reduced in size, with changes to several others proposed.

A leaked memo from Zinke to President Trump recommends that two Utah monuments – Bears Ears and Grand Staircase Escalante – be reduced, along with Nevada’s Gold Butte and Oregon’s Cascade-Siskiyou.

Trump ordered the review earlier this year after complaining about improper “land grabs” by former presidents, including Barack Obama.

Read the whole story